# ElasticLINQ

#### Bringing the Power of LINQ to NoSQL for .NET Developers

http://bit.ly/BradsTalks
https://github.com/bradwilson



### **Comparing SQL and NoSQL Document Stores**

- Flat tables
  - Normalization
  - Strong relationships
- Centralized
  - Scale vertically
  - 0 <u>ACID</u>
- Known quantity
- (Usually) expensive

- Complex documents
  - O De-normalized
  - Ø Weak relationships
- Distributed
  - Scale horizontally
  - O Usually not ACID
- New to most people
- (Usually) open source

#### Use the best tools for the job

### Considerations When Moving to a Document Store

- Ocuments ~= domains
  - *•* Typically the concurrency granularity
  - Extra round trip for relationships
  - ø Be careful of payload size
- Ad-hoc reporting can be challenging
  - Some document stores offer map/reduce
  - *o* 3<sup>rd</sup> party data aggregation & reporting
  - *Replicate counted/reported data into SQL*

# Why Elasticsearch?

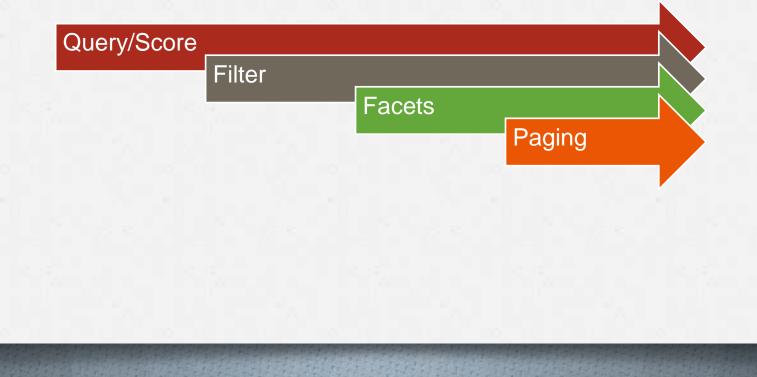
Search: full text & facets (uses Lucene)
DB integration, or use it stand-alone
Built for the web

Simple HTTP-based API
JSON is a first class citizen
Dynamic schema support
Low-friction sharding and replication

- Lots of great documentation
- Available support contracts

http://www.elasticsearch.[org|com]/

### **Execution Pipeline**





# Why ElasticLINQ?

- JSON query language is challenging
  Automatic mapping of CLR ← → JSON
  Because it's LINQ:

  Composition & inspection
  Deferred execution
  - *•* Easier to adapt when moving from SQL
  - Use the data models you already have

https://github.com/CenturyLinkCloud/ElasticLINQ



# Why Couchbase?

Capable of massive scale

Tens of thousands of users
Billions of documents
Cross-data center replication
Automatic sharding and replication

Views: Javascript-based map/reduce
Integrates well with Elasticsearch
Open source & commercial options

http://www.couchbase.com/

### Why Use Couchbase With Elasticsearch?

#### Ouchbase:

Document storage & retrieval

- No searching, just retrieval by index (and range)
- Plugin support is limited

#### *i* Elasticsearch:

Industrial-strength indexing

- O Does not offer map/reduce transformation
- O Does not do cross-data center replication

#### Extremely complementary technologies

# **Strategy: Type Key**

"type": "beer",
"name": "Feral Saison",
"abv": 6.7,
"ibu": 30,
...

{

}

#### {

"type": "brewery",
"name": "Black Raven",
"city": "Redmond",
"state": "WA",

}

#### Can run afoul of Elasticsearch schema

### **Strategy: Type Wrapper**

```
"beer": {
    "name": "Feral Saison",
    "abv": 8.9,
    "ibu": 30,
    ...
}
```

{

}

```
.
```

"brewery": {
 "name": "Black Raven",
 "city": "Redmond",
 "state": "WA",

#### **Requires wrapping and unwrapping documents**



### What's Next?

Explore Elasticsearch and Couchbase
 CenturyLink Cloud is good for this ©

- Try ElasticLINQ on your data sets
  - Lots of holes to be filled
  - Custom search extensions
- Contribute
  - O Docs, bugs, and code are always welcome!

# **Thank You!**

http://bit.ly/BradsTalks
https://github.com/bradwilson

